

"I can handle the great that cannot reach the small."

A Want Ad.
SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH
Commands the Attention of All,
Both Great and Small.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

VOL. 43. NO. 306.

NO WALK-OVER

Ex-President Cleveland Must Fight
for the Nomination.

Senator Gorman Assuming Prominence
as a Possibility.

A STRONG ARMY OF LEADERS COMING
TO HIS SUPPORT.

Many Congressmen Going to Chicago—
Outline of Important Planks in the
National Platform—Louisiana Factions
Again Trying to Harmonize—Republi-
cans Ratify the Minneapolis Nominees—
Some Hill Figures—General Politics.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 14.—Politicians of all grades and Democratic leaders of acknowledged ability have settled down to the belief that Cleveland will have to fight hard for the nomination. Several gentlemen are acquiring prominence dangerous to the success of the ex-President. Mr. Gorman is the choice apparently of his Senatorial conferees. Such of his Senatorial associates as Cockrell of Missouri, Ransom and Vance of North Carolina, Pugh of Alabama, George of Mississippi, Bates of Tennessee and Faulkner of West Virginia, have been working for weeks past in his behalf. Some of them are going to Chicago in his interest, and those who are not will be represented there by politicians, who will reflect their wishes. Gorman is known to be popular with the New York politicians. It is generally thought here that if Hill drops out of the race the New York delegates are likely to give him their support.

It is likely that an unusual number of congressmen will go to the convention. This will be due partly to the fact that there is an unusual interest in the nomination and partly to the large Democratic majority in the House which will permit of many absences without bringing business to a standstill. John L. Mitchell of Wisconsin, Chairman of the Joint Committee on Campaign Committees, has invited the Executive Committee of that organization to be his guests on his private car going to and coming from Chicago. He will leave here on Saturday evening at 8:30 o'clock and will make his headquarters on the cars of the campaign in Chicago if they find it advisable. Those expected to be in the party beside Mr. Mitchell are Messrs. Mutchler of Pennsylvania, McMillan of Tennessee, Alderson of West Virginia, Tamm of Indiana, Thompson of Indiana, McCrary of Kentucky, Bowman of Iowa, Andrew of Massachusetts and Johnston of South Carolina.

In addition to a strong civil service reform plank in the Democratic national platform being made by Democratic members of the House, there is also an important plank in the nomination of the Senate. The silver plank to be adopted at Chicago is a subject of considerable discussion among Democratic members of Congress. The silver plank is less popular than the gold, and the gossipy fight that the representatives of the mining States at the Republican convention were engaged in, from the standpoint of respecting miners' difficulty in obtaining the sort of planks they want, and the friends of free coinage have joined in their repeated denials in the Democratic platform.

Senator Stewart, the Republican silver agitator from Nevada, said to-day in reply to a question whether the Democrats would do on the silver question:

"Bah! They will do just the same as the Republi- can. We will not buy a million dollars or two millions if necessary, to buy up the whole convention."

Representative Blaine, the Democratic free coinage advocate, equally well informed, said that one of the counties of his district recently adopted resolutions advising that the miners' demands be met, and that it seems to have killed his ardor, and that all that could be got from him as to whether an earned right would be made at Chicago for free coinage was that the miners "do not know what will be done."

A ringing denunciation of the force bill will be one of the chief contributions of the miners to the necessary corollary of the declaration in its favor in the Republican platform.

Neither House is in session to-day, both having adjourned because of the death of Representative E. T. Stackhouse of South Carolina. The members of the Senate left the Capitol yesterday morning, and the members of the House as a rule sat around their hall of meeting to vote for each candidate who was nominated to vote for Mills as a second choice would obey their instructions by voting for him, and there are unwilling to do so.

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THE OLIVE BRANCH.

LOUISIANA DEMOCRATS AGAIN TRYING TO GET TOGETHER.

NEW ORLEANS, La., June 14.—The final attempt to bring together the two warring factions of the Democratic party in this State will take place to-day, when the leading Democrats will attempt to pour oil upon the heated waters of dissension by failing to select delegates to the National Convention at Chicago. In the event of the restoration of harmony, which seems to be likely now, the other time, the national delegation will be divided evenly between the factions, while the machine of the State is concerned, so far as such as to give equal representation to both victor and vanquished in the recent State election. It is probable that Grover Cleveland will be endorsed for the nomination. Should, however, the broadest union of the delegations from Louisiana still be sent to Chicago unrepresented.

RATIFICATIONS.

REPUBLICAN MEETINGS INDUCE THE WORK TOGETHER.

CHICAGO, Ill., June 14.—The ratification meeting held at the Auditorium last night under the auspices of the three Republican clubs of the city—the Lincoln, the Marquette and the Hamilton—was attended by a large audience, which filled the building in every part. The enthusiasm displayed was no less pronounced than the day before. Every mention of Blaine was received with a chorus of cheers, which was again and again repeated, so that the keynote of at least two speeches, those of M. Thurston and H. D. Estep, both of the Gov. Hancock Club, was to call attention to address in his best vein in defense of the principles upon which he claimed high tariff is based. Dr. Charles A. Abbot, a member of the Board of Education, in thanking the club for the message of congratulation sent him by its members last week, a resolution was passed, calling upon the gathering the "loving regards" of the gathering. Mayor Washburn presided.

IN BROOKLYN.

NEW YORK, June 14.—The Union League Club of Brooklyn held a ratification meeting last night at its club-house. "We command," the resolution sets forth, "the pa-

triotic council of the great ex-Secretary of State, that all minor differences be forgotten, and with a united compact front we proceed with the energy and persistence which marked our previous proceedings in the Minneapolis convention, to the coming of the day for which we pledge ourselves in earnest effort to put all in our power to triumphantly elect the ticket put in nomination."

ARKANSAS DEMOCRATS.

FISHBACK NOMINATED FOR GOVERNOR—DELEGATES FAVOR CLEVELAND.

LITTLE ROCK, June 14.—Fishback possesses the strength of a giant this morning, but in declaring that he will not use it as a giant, has had a wonderful mollifying effect upon the malcontents. It is the wish of the popular candidate that he be nominated with as little flourish of trumpets as the occasion will admit of. The Seba ston County delegation arrived in the city without band, banner or badges. From the depot they went direct to their rooms at the Richelle



W. M. Fishback.

hotel and there they have remained ever since. Every delegation arriving since has called at the Richelle, and the Arkansas delegation has ostentatiously way presented themselves to the Sebastian leaders and congratulated their success. The delegation from Marion, which is a Sebastian County convention and everything is done according to its dictation.

John L. Jones, who for many years represented the old Sebastian district, and

is the chairman of the Sebastian County delegation, and the leading figure in the delegation, is a Sebastian County delegate, and was always among the first to support him for re-election.

Mr. Witter said that the action of the Inter-

national Union would be final, and he ex-

pected the whole thing to be settled within a few days.

THE VIEWS OF EX-PRESIDENT WITTER OF THE INTERNATIONAL PRINTERS' UNION.

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THE TOWN OF GALVA IN A海 OF RUINE.

FAR-REACHING AND DISASTROUS SWEEP OF A CYCLONE—VILLAGES AND FARMS DESTROYED—THOUSANDS LEFT HOMELESS TO BRAVE THE STORM'S FURY—ENORMOUS DAMAGE DONE TO PROPERTY—ALL TELEGRAPH LINES LEVELED—A Dire CALAMITY.

CHICAGO, June 14.—Yesterday afternoon's storm was much more destructive than first reports indicated. At least eight lives were lost in Chicago, and victims and centers of damage were more or less injured, while it will be very definitely settled at the convention now in session at Philadelphia, or I am much mistaken in the make-up of the delegation.

"If they decide against the agreement it is an inevitable fact that every typographical office in the country will boycott the Republican ticket."

"You remember that Blaine was boycotted in on account of the opposition of the printers, and it is generally conceded that the printers' vote was a powerful factor in losing him New York State. They will have the same support in the convention, and their action and that will exert powerful influence in a pivotal state."

"I think that Mr. Blaine's acceding to the Union's demands will help him in his treatment of the printers still be resisted?"

"I hardly think so, at least not by the unionists, but I am not quite sure where their immediate interests are at stake."

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CONGRESSMAN HARTER.

HE BELIEVES CLEVELAND WILL BE NOMINATED AND ELECTED.

BOSTON, Mass., June 14.—Congressman Harter of Ohio, who is stopping at the Parker House, says:

"I think Mr. Cleveland will be nominated next week. I do not think any dark horse will be started and if one is I think it will not interfere with Mr. Cleveland's selection."

"I think that the men who will win if Mr. Cleveland is nominated?"

"With Mr. Cleveland and taxation for revenue and the continuation that that gold and silver coinage, that we are opposed to any legislation which will drive us into a monetary system of our own, insisting that all coin called a dollar shall be kept at parity and each maintained at a full

ballot, which is 63 more than needed to be kept at parity."

"Do you consider the Republican ticket as a strong one?"

"I think the Republican ticket is a strong one and a good one morally. Mr. Harrison is an up-and-coming man, and I think he will be president from a Republican standpoint, and richly deserved the expression of confidence given him. I think that we could have given Mr. Blaine a little help, but the country is spared all the doubts and uncertainties which his nomination would have brought with it."

GATHERING AT CHICAGO.

ADVANCE GUARD OF DEMOCRATS ALREADY ON THE GROUND.

CHICAGO, Ill., June 14.—There were indications at the hotels to-day that within seventy-two hours they will be well filled with Democratic delegations, and are unwilling to do so in the nomination of a candidate who can't be solidly supported by the entire convention.

Representative Blaine, the Democratic free coinage advocate, equally well informed, said that one of the counties of his district will be given to him, and that the friends of free coinage have joined in their repeated denials in the Democratic platform.

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THE STORM'S HAVOC.

HAMMOND, Ind., June 14.—A furious wind-swept storm struck this city last night, shattering windows and unroofing houses, tearing down awnings and filling streets with debris.

The storm assumed the features of a cyclone west of Hammond, the fierce blast coming with scarcely a warning, the greatest damage occurring at the corner of State and Main streets, and the manner in which it twirled and destroyed objects along its path will indicate that it had a rotary motion and was a veritable though not very dangerous cyclone. It was violent enough to tear the roofs off buildings and send them flying through the air and to break telephone poles if they were pipe-stems.

While it lasted its path of destruction of State street was about one-half mile long, and the people between Twenty-third and Forty-ninth streets every moment dreaded death, and there was reason for their fear and the flying of bricks and signs and limbs of trees and the crashing of glass and telegraph poles.

On the west side of State street one front of 220 to the one front of 220 was snapped asunder. A seven-story building on West Madison street was so badly shaken up that it is thought it will crumble. The telegraph and telephone poles in the path of the storm were torn up and the wires completely broken, completely demolishing the news service as well as the commercial business. Not a click of the sounders was heard in the Western Union office for a few hours. Linemen were sent out immediately, however, and the wires were torn out by the roots and carried away. No lives are reported lost but there were numerous narrow escapes.

ICE-HOUSES DESTROYED.

STRICKSON, Wis., June 14.—The seven large ice-houses belonging to the Union Ice Co. of Chicago, and situated in this city at the mouth of the Bay, were blown down yesterday during a terrible gale from the south.

GEN. ELI T. STACKHOUSE.

Sudden Death of the South Carolina Congressman.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 14.—Gen. Eli T. Stackhouse, member of Congress from the Sixth District of South Carolina, and a prominent member of the Farmers' Alliance, died in this city at 1:30 o'clock this morning. He was one of the party that accompanied the remains of the late L. L. Folk, President of the Farmers' Alliance, to Raleigh, N. C., last Friday.

General Stackhouse was born in 1851, in the town of Dandridge, Tenn., and was educated in the public schools. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1861. During the war he was a Union soldier, and was promoted to the rank of captain. He was elected to the United States Senate in 1870, and re-elected in 1876.

He was a member of the Democratic party, and was a strong advocate of the cause of the South. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1861, and was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1865. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1868, and was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1870. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1872, and was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1874. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1876, and was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1878. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1880, and was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1882. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1884, and was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1886. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1888, and was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1890. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1892, and was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1894. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1896, and was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1898. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1900, and was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1902. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1904, and was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1906. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1908, and was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1910. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1912, and was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1914. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1916, and was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1918. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1920, and was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1922. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1924, and was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1926. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1928, and was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1930. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1932, and was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1934. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1936, and was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1938. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1940, and was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1942. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1944, and was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1946. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1948, and was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1950. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1952, and was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1954. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1956, and was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1958. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1960, and was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1962. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1964, and was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1966. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1968, and was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1970. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1972, and was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1974. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1976, and was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1978. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1980, and was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1982. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1984, and was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1986. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1988, and was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1990. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1992, and was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1994. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1996, and was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 1998. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 2000, and was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 2002. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 2004, and was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 2006. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 2008, and was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 2010. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 2012, and was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 2014. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 2016, and was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 2018. He was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 2020, and was a member of the Constitutional Convention of 2022. He was a member

HIS WIFE'S STORY.**THIS IS THE SPOT.**

TOP OF PAGE 2, WHERE YOU WILL

It Leads to Joseph Curry's Arrest for Murder.

HE IS ACCUSED OF THE KILLING OF HIS FATHER-IN-LAW.

His Wife Is the Principal Witness Against Him—Curry Protests His Innocence—The Coroner Investigating the Case To-Day—May Be a Murder—Police News.

This afternoon the Coroner is holding an inquest on the body of James Murphy, the old man who died yesterday afternoon at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Mary Curry, at No. 111 Espenched street, from conjecture that Mr. Murphy's fatal injury was sustained by an accidental fall from his bed, but later developments aroused the suspicion that the injury which killed him was probably inflicted by his son-in-law, Joseph Curry.

Deputy Coroner Mead, held an inquest yesterday afternoon. At 8 o'clock the witnesses were called and sworn. Among the witnesses who were particularly wanted but who at that time was not to be found was Joseph Curry, the deceased's son-in-law. Curry had been at the house all day, but when the Coroner made his appearance he absented himself. When Coroner Mead examined the room and ascertained the position of the man as he was found lying on the floor he asked Mrs. Curry several questions, the answers to which were so vague that he postponed the inquest until to-day and gave orders for Curry's immediate arrest.

Special Officer Mulligan was detailed by Capt. Sam Boyd to find Curry and arrest him. Two hours later the officer found him on Courtland street, and took him into custody and told him to consider himself a prisoner. Curry asked the reason for his arrest and acted very nervous over the matter. He was taken to the police station. This morning a call was made at the residence of the Currys, and from the stories told by the neighbors it appears that the wife of his son-in-law, Joseph Curry,

said: "Come here, you dull, stupid boy, come here!" Father Walsh's letter says the young man "remained obstinate and would not do what he was told to do and permit others to do the same." Quite the contrary appears to be the fact in this case from other statements and evidence before the priest gave the holy communion to another person the young man, according to the testimony, was taking his place at the communion table, when the priest angrily intoned: "You don't deserve to receive communion." "I'm a good young man in a voice so low that he could only be heard a few feet away," "I'll not repeat," and, turning, he left the communion rail.

The facts in this case and the statements of the neighbors are quite different in that it seems possible he had in mind, while writing it, some other scene of the day and not this one reported in the Post-DISPATCH.

The lowest priced house in St. Louis for summer clothing. Come into our clothing department and see the bargains which we are offering in hot weather garments. Pants for \$4, coats and vests for \$5, odd vests for \$1. We have Pongee coats and vests, our own make. We sell Star waist for 75 cents. Boys' Suits for \$2.50, \$3.50, \$4 and \$5.

MILLS & AVERILL,
Clothing Merchants.

Dr. Mark's Serious Condition.

Dr. Hene Mark, Superintendent of the City Hospital, is suffering from lymphangitis, due to blood poisoning. Several days ago he operated on a woman suffering with tubercular peritonitis. The abdominal cavity was filled with purulent fluid, some of which came in contact with Dr. Mark's right hand. After the operation he was ill for two days, but yesterday afternoon excruciating pain commenced in his right arm and upon examination the doctor found that he had ruptured a vein. We sent for Dr. Starkloff, who after examining the man said he would not live. He died shortly.

When asked why she accused her husband of killing her father, Mrs. Curry said that Mr. Curry always wanted to be left alone, and she and her son-in-law were constantly quarreling with him. The bed in which Mr. Murphy lay was a single bed standing about the foot of the house, and opposite the bed was the bed in which the boy James was sleeping. Near the head of the bed there was a round iron table, two feet from the table and only two feet from the bed, is a small stool, a dark secret which those who know refuse to give up.

DO YOU WEAR GLASSES?
Gold spectacles from \$5 per pair up.
Spectacles from \$1 per pair up.

Accurately fitted by the best opticians. Glasses carefully repaired.

MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO., CORNER BROADWAY AND LOCUST ST.

Marriage Licenses.

Powhatan H. Clark, 21 yrs.; Alexander, La. Haydn Rubelmann, 21 yrs.; Lucas av Minnie Walsh, 1129 Leonard av Gustav Echhorn, 21 yrs.; 21st and Locust st.; Henry Seaman, 4225 Olive st.; Lucy L. Smith, 5113 Locust st.

PULSE 15-KT GOLD WEDDING RINGS.
MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO., CORNER BROADWAY AND LOCUST ST.

Burial Permits.

The following burial certificates were issued by the Health Department today:

Nicholas Hollander, 54 yrs., St. John's Hospital septicemic.

John W. Kelly, 26 yrs., St. Mary's Infirmary, internal injuries, thrown from a horse, res. accident.

Maggie Schaefer, 4 yrs., 1500 North Market st.; Katie Long, 20 yrs., 1616 Hogan st.; cerebral congestion.

Anna Hayes, 14 yrs., 3416 Caroline st.; cerebral congestion.

Philip Hooback, 69 yrs., 2721 Cass av.; appendicitis; Philip Hooback, 69 yrs., 2819 Second Carondelet av.; chronic prostatitis.

John H. Schaefer, 63 yrs., 2239 Dodier st.; cerebral meningitis.

Henry Brown, 62 yrs., 812½ N. 12th st.; meningitis.

Sydney Carr, 2 yrs., 1850 Park av.; bronchitis; Mary Gleason, 11 months, 239 N. 10th st.; gastro enteritis.

Deaths.

CARE—June 14, 1892, DELLA, beloved daughter of Dennis and Annie Carr, aged 2 years and 4 months.

Funeral Wednesday, June 15, from 1:30 Park Avenue.

LANG—June 14, at 8:30 p. m., CATHERINE, beloved wife of Henry Lang, res. Neumann, after a short illness. Age 20 years. 3 months and 11 days.

Funeral will take place from family residence, 1610 Hogan street, June 15, at 2:30 p. m. Friends invited.

SAM M. KENNARD, President Columbian Book Co.

They Are Ready to Strike.

There is a prospect of a big strike among the planing mill hands after 5 o'clock this afternoon. This morning the bench men and machine employes of all the mills noticed their employers that after 5 o'clock no more than ten hours pay for nine hours work. In other words they demanded nine hours as a day's work by the mill owners. The men expect to trim themselves of the fact that all their masters are too much engrossed at present to allow any strike.

Ingalls Can Make You Cool and Happy.

I will sell you a Quicksilver Gasoline Stove or a Jewett's Refrigerator on long time and guarantee you will be delighted with my goods and prices. I also sell baby carriages and all kinds of furniture. Terms to please you. Ingalls, 1103 Olive street.

Alcoholism the Cause.

The autopsy held by Dr. Chambers last night on the body of Henry Ashland showed that death was due to alcoholism. Ashland is the man who was found dead near Arsenal street of Gravois avenue yesterday morning. There was a slight bruise on the head and the police entertained suspisions of foul play.

To wash easily and remove dirt effectually, use Clarette well-known Laundry Soap.

Shoes for Every Man at the Globe.

Men's good shoes, \$1.50 and \$1; fine calf and patent leather shoes, \$2.50 and \$3; hand sewed French calf and patent leathers, \$4 and \$5. Glouc, 703 to 715 Franklin avenue.

His harsh speech to the young

elicited perplexing contradictions of the pastor's statements, except as to the weather.

The pastor, who is a member of the church, approached the altar to receive communion. When he reached the space between the pews and the altar rail, that part of the communion table was all removed and he was compelled to stand well out from the head of the aisle and in no way obstructing the way.

The young lady knelt with reverent bowed head, probably explains why they did not see the vacant place which was at a distance, and which, when she approached the altar, the administrator of the holy sacrament, would have necessitated unbecoming haste.

It was when they were seated down under Father Walsh, in the back seat, that chance in his hands, addressed

the pastor's statements, except as to the weather.

WHEELAN—June 14, at 8:35 p. m., ANNA, the beloved wife of James Whelan, aged 29 years.

Funeral from the family residence, 1219 North Seventeenth street, Wednesday 15th inst., at 2 p. m. 10th and Locust. Friends invited.

OLSENHAUSEN—June 14, at 8:35 a. m., of Los Angeles, Cal., LAURA RHONA, youngest daughter of Arthur Edward and Emma Olsenhause.

TANNERBERG—On Monday, June 15, at 9 a. m., LOUIS TANNERBERG, after a long illness, aged 18 years and 5 months.

Funeral will take place from family residence, No. 7207 Virginia avenue (Carondelet), on Wednesday, June 15, at 4 p. m. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

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Funeral from the family residence, 1219 North Seventeenth street, Wednesday 15th inst., at 2 p. m. 10th and Locust. Friends invited.

CATHOLIC CEMETERY—Friends of the family invited to attend.

SHOES FOR EVERY MAN AT THE GLOBE.

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His harsh speech to the young

elicited perplexing contradictions of the pastor's statements, except as to the weather.

The pastor, who is a member of the church,

approached the altar to receive communion.

When he reached the space between the pews

and the altar rail, that part of the communion

table was all removed and he was com-

elled to stand well out from the head of the aisle and in no way obstructing the way.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch,
PUBLISHED BY
THE PULITZER PUBLISHING CO.
JOSEPH PULITZER, President

TERMS OF THE DAILY.
One year, postage paid, every afternoon and
Sunday morning..... \$10.00
Six months..... 5.00
Three months..... 2.50
By the week (delivered by carrier)..... 1.25
By the month (delivered by carrier)..... .60
Sunday edition, by the year..... 2.00
Send us your name to receive their paper regularly will confer a favor upon us by referring the same to this office by postal card.

All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed

POST-DISPATCH,
513 Chestnut.

POSTAGE.
Entered in the Post-Office, St. Louis, Mo., as Second-class matter.

DOMESTIC. Per Copy.
Eight to sixteen pages..... 1 cent
Eighteen to thirty-two pages..... 2 cents
FOREIGN.
Daily..... 10 to 15 cents..... 2 cents
or 15 to 20 pages..... 3 cents
Sunday..... 4 cents

TELEPHONE NUMBERS.
Editorial Rooms..... 4085
Business Office..... 4084

LONDON OFFICE, 22 Cockspur Street, Charing Cross, New York Bureau, Room 26, Pulitzer Building, Max H. Fischer, Manager.

THE POST-DISPATCH

Guarantees to Advertisers a Larger Local Circulation than that of Any Other TWO St. Louis Newspapers Combined.

TUESDAY, JUNE 14, 1892.

Weather forecast for thirty-six hours, beginning at 8 a.m. to-day, in Missouri
Fair: cooler.

The area of high pressure covers Nebraska this morning and is accompanied by cooler, fair weather. Local storms with heavy showers have been general in the Upper Mississippi Valley and on Lakes Michigan and Superior. The high pressure extends from Duluth, Minn., to Denver, Colo., and Chicago. The area of low pressure is central in the St. Lawrence Valley, causing very high temperatures in New York and New England. Another is developing in Utah. The temperature has fallen decidedly in Northern Kansas, Iowa, Wisconsin, Northern Minnesota, and the Upper Peninsula. The cold wave will continue on Wednesday.

Wednesday forecast for thirty-six hours, beginning at 8 a.m. to-day, for St. Louis: Probable showers at first afternoon or night; fair and cooler Wednesdays.

The will of the Democratic Convention of St. Louis County was the will of a railroad boss.

This is to be a forceful bill campaign. The preservation of local self government is an issue squarely made.

THE flight of Palacio from Venezuela affords additional evidence that the dictator business has become obsolete.

JERRY SIMPSON does not want to be Governor of Kansas. JERRY cautiously draws the line of his desire at what he can get.

If the policy inaugurated by President HARRISON survives, the office-holders will no longer be the servants, but the masters of the people.

SQUAW men were popular with the Republican delegates. One got the vice-presidential nomination, and another was his strongest rival.

THE Democratic mule is a tough animal, but the railroad bosses of this State are subjecting him to harder driving than he can stand. It is a case of kick or die.

A FEDERAL election law would make the President's solid phalanx of officeholders as irresistible for his re-election as it was for his renomination. It would enable him to re-elect himself.

THE SUNDAY Post-Dispatch accepts advertising on a distinct and unequivocal guarantee that its circulation in the City of St. Louis and suburbs is more than double that of the "Republic" and larger than any other Sunday newspaper.

SENATOR PEPPER is still working at his paternal loan bill, which will enable any man to borrow the money he has been unable to earn. It is practically the same system that prevailed in Rome by which bread could be had for the asking by the lazy beneficiaries of short-sighted benevolence.

MR. CLEVELAND had patronage disappointments and a hostile faction against him in New York at the last election, and the same difficulty confronts Mr. HARRISON at this election. In summing up the New York probabilities this fact must be given weight.

It is difficult to see why there should be any need of deliberation on the part of Col. CLARKSON as to the resignation of the chairmanship of the National Republican Committee. A man who was opposed to the nominee and thinks he will be beaten is evidently a misfit as manager of his campaign.

COL. SHEPPARD was willing to accept the Vice-Presidency, but fell two votes short in the New York delegation. But he can afford to wait. Let him contribute a good round sum to the campaign fund from his wife's fortune and he will be in a position to claim the honor in 1892. Only one qualification is necessary—riches or a rich wife.

REPUBLICAN organs should go slow in denouncing the anti-Harrison bosses. They are the men that HARRISON needs just now and they are in a position toicker with him. It is not improbable that QUAY, PLATT and CLARKSON engineered that little fight so that the President could be brought to terms. They know him to be a man

who will not let a deal stand in the way of success. WANAMAKER's experience shows that.

IN THE SADDLE.

The railway attorneys and cow coroners, with their clerks and henchmen of high and low degree, are in the saddle and running political conventions in Missouri this year with a defiant openness they have never before displayed. And the rural district is more than ever before the place where their right to command is most readily conceded. Railroad Attorney FAIRFAX destroyed the St. Louis County Convention yesterday like a colossus and met with scarcely a show of resistance in putting through his cut and dried programs; having resolutions in favor of Judge THOMAS promptly tabled, securing instructions for DALTON as the "farmer" candidate of the railroad attorneys, and securing delegations of railroad men who can be counted on to vote in the Hannibal and St. Louis Conventions for the railroad candidates for judgeships. The "tip" given to PRIEST's delegates, as we learn from one of them, is that their Supreme Court ticket is to contain the names of SHERWOOD and MADILL, certain, and such third name as the railroad attorneys may deem it expedient to add hereafter.

THE CHICAGO NOMINEE.

It seems to be generally conceded that two-thirds or more of the delegates to the Chicago Convention are Cleveland men, in the sense that they are inclined to nominate CLEVELAND in preference to any other man whom they think they can elect.

Doubtless any one of these men would prefer assured success, with some other candidate, to a doubtful contest with CLEVELAND at the head of their ticket.

On the other hand it is believed that something less than one-third of the delegates will go to Chicago hostile to CLEVELAND, and convinced already that the New York faction fight limits the party's chance of carrying that State to the nomination of some other candidate.

Now the nomination of any other man over CLEVELAND will depend upon the success of these anti-Cleveland delegates in making the probability of securing more electoral votes for some other man convincingly apparent to at least half of the Cleveland men. It is hard to convince men against their will, and the anti-Cleveland men have not yet agreed among themselves in naming the candidate whom they will designate as a stronger man than CLEVELAND in the latter's own State. The vote of New York cannot be conclusively guaranteed to any Democratic nominee, and delegates are apt to resolve in favor of their preferences all doubts as to the relative strength of candidates.

It will be remembered and repeated again and again that the Democrats threw TRDEN over in 1880 on account of the faction fight against him in New York, and nominated HANCOCK with every assurance from the Tammany politicians that they could carry New York for him. The vote of New York for GARFIELD that year is a bitter memory which will make the Chicago convention very shy of nominating anybody to gratify Tammany's revenge and on Tammany's promise of New York's electoral vote.

Moreover, Democratic confidence in the result of a fight on the comparative merits of CLEVELAND's clean, economical and peaceful administration, with the jingoism, the billion dollar appropriations, the Wanamaker, Rauh, Dudley and Woods scandals and the force bill record of HARRISON's administration, will tend to satisfy many delegates, in spite of any personal exposures to the contrary, that HARRISON will be weaker and CLEVELAND stronger in New York now than in 1888. HARRISON now has the big bosses of his party in New York arrayed in deadly hate against him.

But there is a possibility that a letter from Mr. CLEVELAND himself may exhort the convention to his own sincere opinion that the party will have a better chance of carrying New York with a nomination from some other State. If this is his opinion we believe he will say so, and that it will devolve upon the convention the duty of nominating either PALMER, BOLES or PATTISON for President, with GRAY of Indiana, CAMPBELL of Ohio, HILL of New York and RUSSELL of Massachusetts as a good list from which to choose a Vice-President.

The defeat of QUAY and CAMERON in Minneapolis offers the Democrats an exceptionally fine opportunity for carrying Pennsylvania for such a model public man as PATTISON, and with him or either of the two Western men named for first place, they could adopt a one-term and anti-plutocratic platform, which would swamp HARRISON and REED in the West.

It is difficult to see why there should be any need of deliberation on the part of Col. CLARKSON as to the resignation of the chairmanship of the National Republican Committee. A man who was opposed to the nominee and thinks he will be beaten is evidently a misfit as manager of his campaign.

THE British Parliament will be dissolved next week and elections will follow immediately. Unlike their American cousins the English do not like long canvases. Dissolution of one Parliament is followed by the assembling of its successor within a month. The same week may witness a complete reversal of national policy.

THE humors of American politics have been enriched by the youthful Pennsylvania Republican who has rushed into print with a statement that HARRISON is to be forced off the ticket in favor of BLAINE. This wonderful result is to be achieved by a monster petition for the making of which 3,000 young Republicans are to do the canvassing.

REPUBLICAN organs should go slow in denouncing the anti-Harrison bosses. They are the men that HARRISON needs just now and they are in a position toicker with him. It is not improbable that QUAY, PLATT and CLARKSON engineered that little fight so that the President could be brought to terms. They know him to be a man

AT HIS DOOR.

Anthony A. Aguirre Calls Homer E. Dow to Account.

A Lively Encounter on a West Washington Avenue Threshold.

REJECTED ATTENTION TO A YOUNG LADY CAUSE THE SUDDEN DIFFICULTY.

Aguirre Loved Mrs. Dow's Sister, Miss Jones, Who Was Already Engaged to a New Yorker—Forbids the House by Cable From the Young Lady's Father, He Challenges Dow to Fight a Duel—A Thrilling West End Romance.

About 9:30 o'clock last night a gentleman apparently of middle age, short of stature, with a mustache, darkly waxed, and garments of irreproachable fashionableness cut, ascended the front steps of the residence of Homer E. Dow, 426 Washington avenue, and touched the electric door bell. The bell was answered by the housemaid, and as she opened the door the sound of laughing voices came from the parlor to the visitor on the threshold.

"Tell Mr. Dow I would like to see him for a moment," said the visitor shortly. The message was delivered and in another instant Mr. Dow, who is a salesman for the Dodson-Hill Manufacturing Co., at Third and Locust streets, confronted his visitor. The two men scowled angrily at one another as they came face to face.

DEMANDED SATISFACTION.

"Mr. Dow," said the gentleman on the outside of the threshold, his swarthy face showing signs of dangerous anger, "you are seen fit to sit in my house and to order me to cease my attention to your wife's sister, Miss Jones. You have also declined to give me that satisfaction for such an insult which one gentleman has a right to demand from another. I do not propose to submit to these indignities, and I intend to have a settlement with you right now."

The gentleman addressed was about 5 feet in height and of vigorous, though slender physique, while his visitor was a small man and not particularly muscular. The tall gentleman looked at the short one for a moment. "I am a son of the soil," he said. "My wife's sister has visitors in the parlor at present, Mr. Aguirre, so this is no time for a difficulty. But it is true that I have forbIDDEN you to sit in my house and to order me to cease my attention to your wife's sister, Miss Jones. I have also declined to give me that satisfaction for such an insult which one gentleman has a right to demand from another. I do not propose to submit to these indignities, and I intend to have a settlement with you right now."

In answer to this plain statement the smaller gentleman, who was Mr. Anthony A. Aguirre, a draftsman in the employ of the Mississippi River Commission at No. 217 Olive street, and who boards at No. 426 Washington avenue, save Mr. Dow, a stinging blow in the face with his clenched fist, and then stepping back, quickly drew a revolver. At the same moment Mrs. Dow, who is in charge of the reports and complaints sent in to the sprinkling department, was seated on the threshold, her hands clasped behind her, looking down at the floor. She was surrounded by a number of persons who cabled from Europe to see where the sprinkling was done.

Mr. Aguirre, who had been in the room since the time of the encounter told by eye-witnesses, was in the act of drawing his revolver when Mr. Dow responded to Mr. Aguirre with a right-hand that sent him sprawling on the floor. "This is the first warm spell we have had this year," said Mr. Van Baker, "and we are going to sit in my house and to order me to cease my attention to your wife's sister, Miss Jones. I have also declined to give me that satisfaction for such an insult which one gentleman has a right to demand from another. I do not propose to submit to these indignities, and I intend to have a settlement with you right now."

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BRITISH COMMERCE.

It Will Be Discussed by a Representative Gathering.

IMPERIAL FEDERATION ONE OF THE SUBJECTS PROPOSED.

Palacio, the Venezuelan Dictator, Anxious for Peace—Silver Coin Scarce in Italy—The Papal Consistory—American Artists in Paris Will Send Exhibits to the Fair—Foreign News.

LOWNIE, June 14.—During the last four days of the present month there will assemble in London a group of representative men, who will be watching with unusual interest. It is the assembly of the associated chambers of commerce of the British empire, which originated with the Colonial Exhibition ten years ago, and assembles every five years. This one will be composed of, perhaps, the most marked representation ever brought together in London of business men from all quarters of the empire. The most intelligent and capable representatives of the various commercial bodies, not only of England and Scotland, but from India, Australia and Canada, will assemble, and it is believed that not less than 250 or 300 delegates will represent them.

The questions for discussion are numerous. The most important of these, however, is that which will begin the proceedings—"The Relation of Great Britain to Her Colonies." An attempt will be made by the imperial federationists to propose some cause practically to sever the federal tie of all the colonies with the empire, a representation in Parliament, a uniform tariff and a resulting discrimination with the United States.

The recent speech of Lord Salisbury at Hastings has given encouragement to the belief that something might be said from what has hitherto been exceedingly vague and impractical. Of course, the question of the relations between Canada and the United States will form a not unimportant item in the discussion, and, indeed, the whole question of how far the interests of the United States likely to be affected, should the recommendations of this assemblage take definite form, is a matter of interest.

AMERICAN ARTISTS.

WHAT THE PARISIAN COLONY PROPOSES TO EXHIBIT.

PARIS, June 14.—A correspondent has just completed a series of inquiries among the leading American artists residing in this city concerning their participation in the World's Fair. Mr. Walter McElroy of Chicago said: "I intend to make a large and fine exhibit as I possibly can."

Mr. Stephen Hills Parker remarked: "I propose sending my portrait of Mrs. John Sherwood as well as two other portraits now in America."

"I propose sending," said Mrs. Cecilia E. Wentworth, "a portrait of Marshal McMahon, exhibited in the Salon of 1888, and also a painting entitled 'Priests' for which I received an 'honorable mention' in last year's Salon."

Said Mr. Julius L. Stewart: "I shall certainly exhibit at Chicago if we are given the proper advantages with regard to space, hanging, etc."

Several American sculptors were also questioned. Mr. William Ordway Partridge said: "I shall send a bust of Shakespeare now being finished for Lincoln Park, Chicago; a statue of Alexander Hamilton, intended for the U. S. Capitol, and a bronze statue of the statute of Gen. Grant, which will be placed ultimately in front of the Union League Club, Brooklyn, and a bust of Lowell."

Mr. Paul M. Bartlett said: "I expect to exhibit at Chicago, but as yet have no decided plan."

PEACE OVERTURES.

PALACIO TIRED OF WAR—MATTERS IN VENEZUELA.

VALENCIA, Venezuela, June 14.—The adherents of Palacio are circulating a report that he has made the following offer to Gen. Crespo: To renumerate the rebel chieftain for all expenses incurred by him in the conflict, to issue a call to Congress, and to retire from the dictatorship. In response, Crespo is reported hostile, and to accept the Minister of War, Santa, as Provisional President, pending an election, to be by secret ballot, so as to insure suffrage throughout the Republic. In such an event Palacio would stand for the chief magistrate. He is reported to have, for the moment, withdrawn his support of the rebels. The withdrawal of Crespo provides a terrible set-back for Palacio. Crespo, his General, lost 1,000 men, killed, wounded and deserted, and his force was reduced to sixty soldiers. He reached Caracas on June 1 alone.

Gen. Gómez, the rebel leader, cut off the retreat of the Government General, Bangol, and compelled him to turn toward Valencia. Battles were also fought between Guipuzcoa and Valencia on June 12 and 13. Guipuzcoa is now besieging Valencia and is in the process of capturing it. Gen. Tadeo Palacio's commandant is at Puerto Cabello with a majority of the Cetaboso forces. The rebels occupied San José. Jacques Pao is now in Tinamugua and Gen. Mora, from Tucumán, about to join Manzanillo in the vicinity of Valencia.

Gen. Crespo's brilliant victories in the Department of Cero, and is in possession of the coast from Puerto Cabello to Maracaibo. Overpowering government forces have compelled the rebels, who were short of ammunition, to evacuate Bolívar. A spirited battle was fought near the mouth of the Orinoco and 600 men were killed and wounded. Palacio's general was so crippled that they had to retire to Falles.

HUMBERT'S REALM.

SILVER COINS SCARCE IN ITALY—THE PAPAL CONSISTORY.

ROME, June 14.—The great scarcity of silver change continues and the measures taken to prevent its exportation have not remedied the trouble. A dispatch from the President of the Chamber of Commerce of Milan has just been received by the Minister of the Treasury, complaining of the absolute lack of silver change in Lombardy, and asking that prompt and effective measures be taken to remedy the difficult position to the same effect have also been remitted from financial centers in other parts of Italy, from which are also seen the insufficiency of the measures taken to prevent the export of silver change. Strict orders have been given with a view to preventing foreign shipping agents as well as the exchange factor from being arrested at Turin for violating the law fixing the high tariff for the transportation of silver. This agent had in his possession 6,000 francs in small silver coins which he was about to carry to Modena, where it was extremely difficult to get change.

It is understood that no Cardinals will be nominated by the Pope at the coming Consistory, because no definite understanding concerning the nominations has been had with the Cardinals at Vienna. Prof. Dr. Madariaga, of Madrid, the new Cardinal, will be created in December or on the occasion of the Pope's jubilee, which takes place in February next.

The Committee on Pilgrimages on this occasion has received very unfavorable reports from France concerning the professed pilgrimage to that country. Very few will thus far inscribe their names on the list of pilgrims, and many of those who have gone do so without reason. The French bishops show so little interest in the matter that it seems probable that the pilgrimages will have to be dropped.

This condition results, doubtless, from the general discontent that prevails among the French Catholics over the attitude of the Vatican towards the Republic.

The imports into Italy during the first four months of the present year were 42,200,000 lire less and the exports 35,400,000 lire more than those for the corresponding period of 1891. From the United States of America to Italy the imports from Italy to the United States amounted to \$5,900,000 and for the preceding quarter to \$5,700,000.

A GENERAL CHANGE OF TIME ON THE VANDALIA LINE.

In Effect June 13, 1892.

"TRAIN NO. 6."—The popular night line will leave St. Louis Union Depot at 9 p.m. instead of 8, allowing ample time to finish business of the day, and go to the train after sunset. Time of the train has been quickened. It will arrive in New York at 7:40 a.m. second morning, which is one hour and twenty minutes better time than has heretofore been had in in the train in correspondingly quick time, with through sleepers.

"TRAIN NO. 12."—The popular Cincinnati Express will leave at 8 p.m. instead of 7:30, arriving at Cincinnati same as at present—7:30 a.m.

"TRAIN NO. 18."—Diamond Special solid Vestibuled train for Chicago will leave at 9:30 p.m., the last train out for Chicago, and arrive Chicago 7 a.m., same as heretofore.

Diamond Special South-bound, no change.

"TRAIN NO. 11."—The night line for New York will leave at 8:30 p.m. instead of 8:30, arriving at St. Louis 7 a.m., second morning, same as heretofore, thereby shortening the time two hours.

"TRAIN NO. 21."—The celebrated solid Vestibuled train from St. Louis to Philadelphia and New York will continue to leave St. Louis at 8:30 a.m. and arrive Philadelphia 1:25 p.m., New York 4 p.m., direct,erry connection to Fall River Line dock, also to Brooklyn, avoiding trip through New York.

"TRAIN NO. 21."—The celebrated 2 p.m. train out of New York will reach St. Louis at 7 p.m. instead of 7:30, and Train No. 1, heretofore arriving at 7 p.m., will arrive at 7:15 p.m. Dining cars serve all meals on trains Nos. 20, 11 and 21.

St. Louis offices, 221 North Broadway, cor. Olive, and Union Depot.

Address for such further information as you may desire, CHESTERBROUGH, Vandala Line, St. Louis, Mo.

NOT ENTITLED TO IT.

John M. Langston, the Colored Orator, on the Nomination of President Harrison.

Hon. John M. Langston, the great negro orator, who has been prominent in politics since 1870, is in the city visiting his son Arthur, principal of the Desessine's School. Mr. Langston will speak at the meeting this afternoon at Rodman's Grove, where the Freedmen's School will hold its picnic. His discourse will be on the educational system of great nations in the world, and the school of the future will be the school of the future.

He is to speak at the meeting in Pittsburgh, Va. Speaking of the convention he said: "There is no other candidate than Harrison, and he is the man to be elected."

The reason that the Harrison

men were all well organized, and of them

therefore could not be a power enough to influence any more decided.

The Radical

party cannot win, until the factions created in New York before the convention are pacified. He did not think President Harrison was entitled to a second term, as he

he had done a good deal.

He said: "The Radical party

was well organized, and the negroes

were pacified. He did not think President

Harrison was entitled to a second term, as he

he had done a good deal.

Pants Free—15¢ to Wrap Them Up.

To-morrow 2,000 pair of Boys' pants, \$1,

\$2, \$2.50, \$3, \$3.50 and \$4. Boys' long pants

hundreds of styles, \$2 to the finest at \$5.

GLOBE, 701 to 713 Franklin avenue.

A Midnite Marriage.

Miss May Killingsworth and Mr. Geo. T. Allen were united in marriage at midnight last night. Yesterday was the 13th of the month, and Miss Killingsworth is superstitious about the number 13. Miss Killingsworth is connected with the choir of the Church of the Holy Communion. Mr. Allen is from Boston.

To Colorado

With Choice of Two Routes.

This is offered by the Missouri Pacific Railway. Only \$7 for the round trip, St. Louis to Pueblo, Colorado Springs, Manitou and Denver. Good for return until October 1. For descriptive pamphlet and particulars call at address, City Ticket office, northwest corner Broadway and Olive street.

Police Court Practices.

Nathan Simmons, the negro arrested by Officers Ed Fenlon and McNamara last Sunday for driving of another negro's rig, was in the First District Police Court again this morning, his case having been continued from yesterday. He was fined \$100 and sent to the Work-house. The negro claimed that he was drunk when he played the joke on him.

He said: "I am a lawyer, Mr. James Flanagan, who, he claimed, had deserted him as an attorney after being paid for his services.

When arrested he was \$100 in a wallet and when turned over to St. Louis he was \$100.

When he turned over to the Marshals upon Simmons he was ordered to stand.

His case continued and claim that he received services for the money and watch he received.

Portland, Ore., and Return.

Via MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY without change of cars. Greatly reduced rates during the summer months. Only 1½ hours running rough cars between St. Louis and Portland. For particulars inquire at city ticket office, northwest corner Broadway and Olive street.

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LODGE NOTICES

GEORGE WASHINGTON LODGE, No. 9, A. F. and A. M., will hold a regular communication at this (Tuesday) evening, at 8 o'clock. Work on F. C. Degree, with lecture illustrations by Prof. J. V. COOKE, Secretary. All are welcome, and members earnestly requested to attend. (See page 2.)

DARSON LODGE, No. 29, A. F. and A. M., will meet Wednesday evening, June 15, at Fisher Hall, No. 405 Locust st., due notice. All Knights cordially invited.

CHARLES J. FUCH, K. T. & C. Charles H. Wilson, G. C.

GOLDEN SHORE—The second lodge of this benevolent organization on the seven-year plan will be installed Wednesday evening, June 15, at Washington and Garrison avs. Charter list is still open and institution will be public.

JOHN S. COCHRAN, George Cochran.

DR. J. WILLIAMSON, C. A. M. SCHLIERHOLZ.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE

Book-keepers.

WANTED—Position by a competent bookkeeper and cashier. Address X 250, this office.

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—By competent young man, an office of responsibility. Address D 280, this office.

WANTED—Position as clerk in an office by a young man aged 25; best of references. Ad. w 236, this office.

WANTED—Situation by a live, strict-class man with horse and buggy; can sell anything.

WANTED—Situation by young man in some place or room; not afraid to work; references if required. Address X 239, this office.

Drink Phos-Ferrone.

The Great Beverage Tonic for Children. Phone 1064. 1700 Olive st.

The Trades.

WANTED—Sit, as bartender; have 5 years' experience. Add. R 234, this office.

WANTED—A manager of 3 years' experience. Apply 151 N. 11th st.

Cooks.

WANTED—A place by a 1st-class meat and pastry cook; must be good; no position. Answered. Call for 2 days. 1403 O'Fallon st.

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—By a young man 18 years old a position, store preferred; can furnish reference. Ad. 437 Furness st. Red. Address G 240, this office.

WANTED—Work must work; shall work; will work. Address W 225, this office.

WANTED—By a steady, willing young man, 28 years old, a situation, with or without board; no objection to small wages. Add. Y 239, this office.

WANTED—Situation by a young German man, 18 years old, as waiter as water in hotel privately; speaks English and German. Ad. 437 Fremont Midway, 1815 Bidle st.

SAFEBERRIES and cream, 10 cents. Wm. G. Milford's, 6th st., near Olive.

HELP WANTED—MALE

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—Yes to try on 54 show, judge their value by the months they wear. Judge Harris' Shoe Co., 522 Pine st.

WANTED—A young man to work in a agent's furniture store; must have some experience. S. Saphir, 26 S. 6th st.

WANTED—To sell the best 6-cent novelty ever made; \$100 on deposit; a part competent person \$4 per day extra. Inquire 1120 Washington av.

WANTED—Two clerks to go to country; experience in general country store; age about 22; permanent; no commission. Call 1120 Washington av., June 16, or 8 a.m. on the 15th of June at 2802 Chouteau av.

WANTED—A man of good business ability, well acquainted in the city, for collecting and special office work; must be first-class in his profession and be willing to work hard. Address U. S. Dairy Co., Washington and Jefferson ave.

WANTED—Salesman on salary or commission to handle the new patent chemical ink erasing pencil. Price 25¢ per dozen. Ink erases all paper in thoroughly in two seconds; no abrasion of paper; 2000 per cent. profit. Address 1000 Franklin st., St. Louis.

WANTED—Three good tailors; for general housework; must be neat and industrious; give references and state where last employed. Add. L 240, this office.

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